# (GB) $C €$ 

$21400301-3$ 4-fold impulse switch with integrated
relay function ESR12Z-4DX-UC also for
central control and group control

Only skilled electricians may install this electrical equipment otherwise there is the risk of fire or electric shock!

Temperature at mounting location: $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ up to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Storage temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ up to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Relative humidity:
annual average value $<75 \%$.
With 4 independent contacts, 1 NO contact each potential free $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ AC, 230 V LED lamps up to 600 W , incandescent lamp load 2000 W. Standby loss 0.03-0.4 watt only.
Modular devices for DIN-EN 60715 TH35 rail mounting. 2 modules $=36 \mathrm{~mm}$ wide, 58 mm deep.
Eltako Duplex technology (DX) allows you to switch up to 3 of the 4 normally potential free contacts in zero passage switching when $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{A/C}$ voltage 50 Hz is switched. This drastically reduces wear. To achieve this, simply connect the $\mathbf{N}$ conductor to the terminal ( N ) and the phase conductors to $1(\mathrm{~L}), 3(\mathrm{~L})$ or $5(\mathrm{~L})$. This results in an additional standby consumption of only
0.1 watt. If the channels are used to control switchgear that has no zero passage switching, ( N ) should not be connected, otherwise the additional off-delay would have the opposite effect.
Local universal control voltage 12 to 230 V UC. In addition universal control inputs central ON and central OFF for 8 to 230V UC, electrically isolated from the local inputs.
With additional group control inputs 0 N and OFF for $12 . .230 \mathrm{~V}$ UC. Same potential like the local control inputs. Groups of these impulse switches can be controlled separately using the group control inputs.
Supply voltage like the local control voltage. State-of-the-art hybrid technology combines
advantages of nonwearing electronic control with high capacity of special relays.
By using a bistable relay coil power loss and heating is avoided even in the on mode.
The switched consumers may not be connected to the mains before the automatic short synchronisation after installation has terminated.
Central commands always have priority, local control inputs are blocked as long as central commands are activated.
In case of a power failure the system is disconnected in a defined mode.

Function rotary switches

partly or completely excluded from central control:
ZE+ZA = central ON and central OFF
ZE = central ON only
ZA = central OFF only
ZE+ZA = no central control
Use the middle rotary switch to preselect the functions of the lower rotary switch for ES and ER. Use ER to select the clamp functions. If $\mathbf{B M}$ is selected, control can be exerted by a motion detector. Not suitable to feed back the switching voltage signal of a dimmer switch. Use only relays ESR12DDX-UC, ESR12NP-230V+UC or ESR61NP-23OV+UC for this purpose. With the lower rotary switch 18 different functions may be selected:
ON = Permanent ON
4xS $\quad=4$-fold impulse switch with 1 NO contact each, control inputs A1, A3, A5 and A7
(4RR)
SSb
(4R)
2S/WS = Impulse switch with 3 NO contacts and 1 NC contact
(2R/WR) = Switching relay with 3 NO contacts and 1 NC contact
2WS = Impulse switch with 2 NO contacts and 2 NC contacts
(2WR)
$=$ Switching relay with 2 NO contacts and 2 NC contacts
= Impulse multi circuit switch $2+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contacts for switching sequence $0-2-2+4-2+4+6$; check back signal 8 = closed-circuit current relay with 4 NC contacts
= Impulse multi circuit switch $2+2 \mathrm{NO}$ contacts for switching sequence $0-2-2+4-2+4+6-$ $2+4+6+8$
(EW) = Impulse relay for fleeting NO contact with 3 NO contacts and 1 NC contact, wiping time 1 sec
GS $\quad=$ Impulse group switch. Switching sequence 0-2-0-4-0-6-0; check back signal 8
(4xR) = 4-fold switching relay with 1 NO contact each, control inputs A1, A3, A5 and A7

## 4S

$=$ Impulse switch with 4 NO contacts
$=$ Switching relay with 4 NO contacts
$=$ Impulse relay fleeting NC contact with 3 NO contacts and 1 NC contact, wiping time 1 sec
RS = Switch with 4 NO contacts,
A1 = set control input and A3 = reset control input
$=$ Group relay 1+1+1+1 N0 contacts
$=3$-fold impulse switch with 1 NO contact each + check back signal 8 , control inputs A1, A3 and A5
(3xR+) = 3-fold switching relay with 1 NO contact each + check back signal 8 , control inputs A1, A3 and A5

## Control with motion detector:

Turn the middle rotary switch to BM. The lower rotary switch then has no function. Connect the motion detector to control input G1.
If the motion detector signals 'Motion', the load contacts 1-2 and 7-8 close.
If the motion detector signals 'No motion', the two load contacts open.
Use a sequential mode pushbutton at control input A1 to selected between 3 operating modes:
Mode 1: motion detector; feedback contact 5-6 closed.
Mode 2: ON ; load contacts 1-2, 7-8 and feedback contact 3-4 closed.
Mode 3: OFF; all contacts open.
Select mode 1 by pressing a direct mode pushbutton at control input A7; select mode 2 at control input A ; and select mode 3 at control input A5.
The ON central command at E 1 switches on the load contacts 1-2 and 7-8.
The OFF central command at F1 switches off the two load contacts.
Central commands always have priority. The local control inputs are blocked during a central command.

Typical circuit with central control and group control


If N is connected the zero passage switching is active at the contacts $1-2,3-4$ and $5-6$.

Technical data

| 230 V LED lamps | up to $200 \mathrm{~W}^{3)}$ <br> with DX up to $600 \mathrm{~W}^{3 /}$ <br> I on $\leq 120 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Supply voltage and <br> control voltage local UC | $12-230 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Control voltage central UC | $8-230 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Rated swiching capacity | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| Incandescent lamp load and | 2000 W |
| halogen lamp load 1 ) | 230 V |
| Fluorescent lamp load | 1000 VA | with KVG* in lead-lag circuit or non compensated

Fluorescent lamp load with KVG* 500 VA shunt-compensated or with EVG*
Compact fluorescent lamp 15x7W with EVG* $10 \times 20 \mathrm{~W}^{2)}$ and energy saving lamps
Standby loss (activ power)
0,4 W

* EVG = electronic ballast units;

KVG = conventional ballast units

1) For lamps with 150 W max.
2) If zero passage switching is activated, otherwise lon $\leq 70 \mathrm{~A} / 10 \mathrm{~ms}^{3}$ ).
${ }^{3}$ Due to different lamp electronics and depending on the manufacturer, the maximum number of lamps may be limited, especially if the wattage of the individual lamps is very low (e.g. with 2 W LEDs).

1
The strain relief clamps of the terminals must be closed, that means the screws must be tightened for testing the function of the device. The terminals are open ex works.

Manuals and documents in further languages:

http://eltako.com/redirect/ESR12Z-4DX-UC


Must be kept for later use!
We recommend the housing for operating instructions GBA14.

## Eltako GmbH

D-70736 Fellbach
Technical Support English:
家 +4971194350025
technical-support@eltako.de eltako.com

[^0]
[^0]:    39/2023 Subject to change without notice.

